

UČNI NAČRT PREDMETA / COURSE SYLLABUS						
Predmet:		Teorija programskih jezikov				
Course title:		Theory of programming languages				
Študijski program in stopnja Study programme and level		Študijska smer Study field		Letnik Academic year	Semester Semester	
Magistrski študijski program Matematika		ni smeri		1 ali 2	prvi ali drugi	
Master's study programme Mathematics		none		1 or 2	first or second	
Vrsta predmeta / Course type				izbirni		
Univerzitetna koda predmeta / University course code:				M2820		
Predavanja Lectures	Seminar Seminar	Vaje Tutorial	Klinične vaje work	Druge oblike študija	Samost. delo Individ. work	ECTS
45		30			105	6
Nosilec predmeta / Lecturer:		doc. Matija Pretnar, prof. Alexander Keith Simpson, prof. Andrej Bauer				
Jeziki / Languages:		Predavanja / Lectures: slovenski/Slovene, angleški/English				
		Vaje / Tutorial: slovenski/Slovene, angleški/English				
Pogoji za vključitev v delo oz. za opravljanje študijskih obveznosti:				Prerequisites:		
Vsebina:				Content (Syllabus outline):		
Pri predmetu se obravnava teorija programskih jezikov s poudarkom na uporabi matematičnih				The course covers the theory of programming languages with emphasis on mathematical		

<p>metod pri podajanju jezikov in analizi njihovih lastnosti. Obravnavajo se naslednje teme:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - konkretna in abstraktna sintaksa, - induktivne definicije, definicije - dokazovanje s strukturno indukcijo - induktivni podatkovni tipi kot - operacijska semantika kot - funkcijski programski jeziki: - polimorfizem, parametrični - ukazni programski jeziki, - denotacijska semantika: domene in - izbirne vsebine: objektni <p>leksična in gramatična analiza kot prevajanje konkretne v abstraktno sintakso</p> <p>podane z sodbami in pravili sklepanja</p> <p>po abstraktni sintaksi ali po strukturi izpeljave</p> <p>primer uporabe strukturnih definicij in strukturne indukcije</p> <p>induktivno definirana relacija, semantika malih in velikih korakov</p>	<p>methods for specification of programming languages and analysis of their properties. The following topics are covered:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - concrete and abstract syntax, lexical analysis and parsing as translation of concrete syntax to abstract syntax - inductive definitions, definitions given in terms of judgements and rules of inference - proofs by structural induction on abstract syntax and on the structure of a derivation - inductive datatypes as an example of use of structural definitions and structural induction - operational semantics as an inductively specified relation, small-step and big-step semantics - functional programming languages: recursive definitions, eager and lazy languages, static analysis, type checking, safety as a consequence of progress and termination lemmas, significance of
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<p>rekurzivne definicije, neučakani in leni jeziki, statična analiza, preverjanje tipov, varnost kot posledica leme o napredku in leme o ohranitvi, pomen varnosti v praksi polimorfizem in Hindley-Milnerjeva izpeljava tipov</p> <p>specifikacije in dokazovanje pravilnosti programov</p> <p>zvezne funkcije, izrek o obstoju negibnih točk, denotacijska semantika funkcijskega programskega jezika, interpretacija</p> <p>rekurzije z negibnimi točkami</p> <p>programski jeziki, paralelno računanje, logično programiranje</p>	<p>safety in practice</p> <p>- polymorphism, parametric polymorphism and Hindley-Milner type inference</p> <p>- imperative programming languages, specification and proofs of correctness</p> <p>- denotational semantics: domains and continuous maps, existence of fixed points, denotational semantics of a functional language, interpretation of recursion as fixed points</p> <p>- optional topics: object-oriented programming languages, parallel computing, logic programming</p>
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Temeljni literatura in viri / Readings:

- B.C. Pierce: "Types and Programming Languages". The MIT Press 2002.
- J.C. Reynolds: "Theories of Programming Languages". Cambridge University Press 1998.
- R.M. Amadio & P.-L. Currien: "Domains and λ -calculi". Cambridge Tracts in Theoretical Computer Science 46. Cambridge University Press, 1998.

Cilji in kompetence:

Cilj predmeta je predstavitev modernega, matematičnega pristopa, k teoriji programskih

Objectives and competences:

The objective of the course is to present modern, mathematical approach to theory of

jezikov. Študenti pridobijo sposobnost analize programskih jezikov ter osnovnih konceptov povezanih z njimi.

programming languages. Students will attain the ability to analyze programming languages and the basic concepts related to them.

Predvideni študijski rezultati:

Znanje in razumevanje:
Slušatelji se naučijo, kako načrtujemo in analiziramo programske jezike s formalnimi matematičnimi metodami.

Intended learning outcomes:

Knowledge and understanding:
Students learn how to design and analyze programming languages with formal mathematical methods.

Metode poučevanja in učenja:

predavanja, vaje, domače naloge

Learning and teaching methods:

lectures, tutorials, homeworks

Načini ocenjevanja:

domače naloge, kolokviji, projekti, pisni izpit, ustni izpit
ocene: 5 (negativno), 6-10 (pozitivno) (po Statutu UL)

Delež (v %) /

Weight (in %)

Assessment:

homework, midterm exams, projects, written exam, oral exam

grading: 5 (fail), 6-10 (pass) (according to the Statute of UL)

100%

Reference nosilca / Lecturer's references:

Andrej Bauer:
– LUKŠIČ, Primož, HORVAT, Boris, BAUER, Andrej, PISANSKI, Tomaž. Practical E-Learning for the Faculty of Mathematics and Physics at the University of Ljubljana. Interdisciplinary journal of knowledge & learning objects, ISSN 1552-2210, 2007, vol. 3, str. 73-83 [COBISS.SI-ID 14269529]
– BAUER, Andrej, STONE, Christopher A. RZ: a tool for bringing constructive and computable

mathematics closer to programming practice. V: Computation and logic in the real world : Third Conference on Computability in Europe, CiE 2007, Siena, Italy, June 18-23, 2007 : proceedings, (Lecture notes in computer science, ISSN 0302-9743, 4497). Berlin, Heidelberg: Springer, cop. 2007, str. 28-42 [COBISS.SI-ID 14631769]

Matija Pretnar:

- PLOTKIN, Gordon, PRETNAR, Matija. Handling algebraic effects. Logical methods in computer science, ISSN 1860-5974, 2013, vol. 9, iss. 4, paper 23 (str. 1-36) [COBISS.SI-ID 16816729]
- PRETNAR, Matija. Inferring algebraic effects. Logical methods in computer science, ISSN 1860-5974, 2014, vol. 10, iss. 3, paper 21 (str. 1-43) [COBISS.SI-ID 17190745]
- BAUER, Andrej, PRETNAR, Matija. An effect system for algebraic effects and handlers. Logical methods in computer science, ISSN 1860-5974, 2014, vol. 10, iss. 4, paper 9 (str. 1-29). <http://arxiv.org/pdf/1306.6316> [COBISS.SI-ID 17191001]

Alexander Keith Simpson:

- AWODEY, Steve, BUTZ, Carsten, SIMPSON, Alex, STREICHER, Thomas. Relating first-order set theories and elementary toposes. Bulletin of symbolic logic, ISSN 1079-8986, 2007, vol. 13, no. 3, str. 340-358 [COBISS.SI-ID 17096537]
- SIMPSON, Alex. Computational adequacy for recursive types in models of intuitionistic set theory. Annals of pure and applied Logic, ISSN 0168-0072. [Print ed.], 2004, vol. 130, iss. 1-3, str. 207-275 [COBISS.SI-ID 17117017]
- SIMPSON, Alex. A characterization of the least-fixed-point operator by dinaturality. Theoretical computer science, ISSN 0304-3975, 1993, vol. 118, iss. 2, str. 301-314 [COBISS.SI-ID 17181017]